CLAIMS

We claim:

1.	λ_n	ICE	inhibitor	comprising:
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bonding moiety, each of said moieties being capable of forming a hydrogen bond with a different backbone atom of ICE, said backbone atom being selected from the group consisting of the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341, the amide -NH- group of Arg-341, the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339;

hydrophobic moiety, said moieties each being capable of associating with a separate binding pocket of ICE when the inhibitor is bound thereto, said binding pocket being selected from the group consisting of the P2 binding pocket, the P3 binding pocket, the P4 binding pocket and the P' binding pocket; and

(c) an electronegative moiety comprising one or more electronegative atoms, said atoms being attached to the same atom or to adjacent atoms in the moiety and said moiety being capable of forming one or more hydrogen bonds or salt bridges with residues in the P1 binding pocket of ICE.

2. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein said inhibitor is characterized by a neutral or favorable enthalpic contribution from the sum of all electrostatic interactions between the inhibitor and ICE when the inhibitor is bound thereto.

3. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein said inhibitor has a molecular weight less than or equal to about 700 Daltons.

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- The ICE inhibitor according to claim 3, wherein said inhibitor has a molecular weight between about 400 and about 600 Daltons.
- 5. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein said inhibitor further comprises less than two secondary amide bonds.
- 6. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein said inhibitor further comprises less than two groups selected from the set consisting of secondary amide groups and carbamate groups.
- 7. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 1, wherein said inhibitor further comprises a polysubstituted cyclic group having between three and seven substituents, said cyclic group not comprising the first or second moderately hydrophobic moiety or the electronegative moiety.
- 8. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 1 or 7, wherein said inhibitor is characterized by a strain energy of binding of said inhibitor to ICE less than or equal to about 10 kcal/mole.
- 9. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 1 or 7, wherein when said inhibitor is bound to ICE at least two of the following four conditions 1) through 4) are met:
- noieties associates with the P2 binding pocket of ICE, in such a way that:
- a) the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moderate in the P2

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binding pocket to the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341 of ICE is between about 7.1Å and about 12.5Å;

- b) the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P2 binding pocket to the amide nitrogen of Arg-341 of ICE is between about 6.0Å and about 12Å; and
- c) the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P2 binding pocket to the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 of ICE is between about 3.7Å and about 9.5Å;
- 2) one of said moderately hydrophobic moieties associates with the P3 binding pocket of ICE in such a way that:
- a) the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P3 binding pocket to the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341 of ICE is between about 3.9Å and about 9.5Å;
- b) the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P3 binding pocket to the amide nitrogen of Arg-341 of ICE is between about 5.4Å and about 11Å; and
- c) the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P3 binding pocket to the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 of ICE is between about 7.0Å and about 13Å;
- one of said moderately hydrophobic moieties associates with the Pl binding pocket of ICE in such a way that:
- a) the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P4 binding pocket to the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341 of ICE is between about 4.5Å and about 7.5Å;
 - b) the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moderate in the P4

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binding pocket to the amide nitrogen of Arg-341 of ICE is between about 5.5Å and about 8.5Å; and

- c) the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P4 binding pocket to the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 of ICE is between about 8Å and about 11Å; and
- one of said moderately hydrophobic moieties associates with the P' binding pocket of ICE in such a way that:

the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P' binding pocket to the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341 of ICE is between about 11Å and about 16Å;

- b) the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P' binding pocket to the amide nitrogen of Arg-341 of ICE is between about 10Å and about 15Å; and
- c) the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P' binding pocket to the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 of ICE is between about 8Å and about 12Å.
- or 7, wherein when said inhibitor is bound to ICE, said moderately hydrophobic moieties separately associate with the P' binding pocket of ICE and the P2 binding pocket of ICE and the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P' binding pocket to the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety pocket is between about 6.5Å and about 13Å.
- 11. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 1 or 7, wherein when said inhibitor is bound to ICE,

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said moderately hydrophobic moieties separately associate with the P' binding pocket of ICE and the P3 binding pocket of ICE and the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P' binding pocket to the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P3 binding pocket is between about 6Å and about 15Å.

- or 7, wherein when said inhibitor is bound to ICE, said moderately hydrophobic moieties separately associate with the P' binding pocket of ICE and the P4 binding pocket of ICE and the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P' binding pocket to the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety pocket is between about 14Å and about 22Å.
- or 7, wherein when said inhibitor is bound to ICE, said moderately hydrophobic moieties separately associate with the P2 binding pocket of ICE and the P3 binding pocket of ICE and the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P2 binding pocket to the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety pocket is between about 5.5Å and about 13Å.
- or 7, wherein when said inhibitor is bound to ICE, said moderately hydrophobic moieties separately associate with the P2 binding pocket of ICE and the P4 binding pocket of ICE and the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety

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in the P2 binding pocket to the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P4 binding pocket is between about 9Å and about 17Å.

or 7, wherein when said inhibitor is bound to ICE, said moderately hydrophobic moieties separately associate with the P3 binding pocket of ICE and the P4 binding pocket of ICE and the distance from the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P3 binding pocket to the center of mass of the moderately hydrophobic moiety in the P4 binding pocket is between about 7.5Å and about 17Å.

- or 7, wherein when said inhibitor is bound to ICE, said first hydrogen bonding moiety forms a hydrogen bond with the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 of ICE and said second hydrogen bonding moiety forms a hydrogen bond with the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341 of ICE and wherein the distance between said hydrogen bonding moieties is between about 5Å and about 7.5Å.
- or 7, wherein when said inhibitor is bound to ICE, said first hydrogen bonding molety forms a hydrogen bond with the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 of ICE and said second hydrogen bonding molety forms a hydrogen bond with the amide -NH- group of Arg-341 of ICE and wherein the distance between said moleties is between about 2.5Å and about 5Å.
- 18. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 1 or 7, wherein when said inhibitor is bound to ICE,

said first hydrogen bonding moiety forms a hydrogen bond with the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341 of ICE and said second hydrogen bonding moiety forms a hydrogen bond with the amide -NH- group of Arg-341 of ICE and wherein the distance between said hydrogen bonding moieties is between about 2.5Å and about 4Å.

. An ICE inhibitor comprising:

(a) a scaffold of formula I:

(I)

N A H Wherein:

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each X is independently C or N;

Z is CO or SO2;

 W_1 is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms through bonds T_2

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 W_2 is a straight chain comprising 3-5 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms through bonds r;

each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond;

H is a first hydrogen bonding moiety and Z is a second hydrogen bonding moiety, each of said moieties being capable of forming a hydrogen

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bond with a different backbone atom of ICE, said backbone atom being selected from the group consisting of the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341, the amide -NH- group of Arg-341, the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 and the amide -NH- group of Ser-339;

moderately hydrophobic moiety, said moieties each being covalently bound to said scaffold and each being capable of associating with a separate binding pocket of ICE when the inhibitor is bound thereto, said binding pocket being selected from the group consisting of the P2 binding pocket, the P3 binding pocket, the P4 binding pocket and the P' binding pocket; and

(c) an electronegative moiety comprising one or more electronegative atoms, said atoms being attached to the same atom or to adjacent atoms in the moiety and said moiety being covalently bound to said scaffold and being capable of forming one or more hydrogen bonds or salt bridges with residues in the P1 binding pocket of ICE.

20. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 19, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(IA)

wherein:

each X is independently C or N;

W_{1:} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or

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unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms through bonds r: and each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond.

21. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 19, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

 $(IB) \qquad \begin{array}{c} V_{1a} \\ V_{1a} \\ V_{-X} \end{array}$

wherein:

X is C or N;

 W_{la} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C. N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms through bonds r;

 W_{2a} is a straight chain comprising 3-4 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different atoms to form an aryl or heteroaromatic ring therewith; and

each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond.

22. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 19, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(IC)

wherein:

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each X is independently C or N; each X_1 is independently C, N, or O; and W_{14a} is a straight chain comprising 1-3

covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X_1 atoms to form a non-aromatic ring therewith.

23. An ICE inhabitor comprising:

a scaffold of formula II:

(II)

wherein:

each X is independently C or N;

Z is CO or SO₂;

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W₃ is a straight chain comprising 2-4 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms through bonds r;

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each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond;

H is a first hydrogen bonding moiety and Z is a second hydrogen bonding moiety, each of said moieties being capable of forming a hydrogen bond with a different backbone atom of ICE, said backbone atom being selected from the group consisting of the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341, the amide -NH- group of Arg-341, the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 and the amide -NH- group of Ser-339;

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hydrophobic moiety, said moieties each being covalently bound to said scaffold and each being capable of associating with a separate binding pocket of ICE when the inhibitor is bound thereto, said binding pocket being selected from the group consisting of the P2 binding pocket, the P3 binding pocket, the P4 binding pocket and the P' binding pocket; and

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(b) an electronegative moiety comprising one or more electronegative atoms, said atoms being attached to the same atom or to adjacent atoms in the moiety and said moiety being covalently bound to said scaffold and being capable of forming one or more hydrogen bonds or salt bridges with residues in the P1 binding pocket of ICE.

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24. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 23, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(IIA)

X-W15

H wherein:

each X is independently C or N; Z is CO or SO₂;

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 W_{15} is a straight chain comprising 1-2 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms; and

the bond labeled r is a single or a double bond.

25. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 23, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

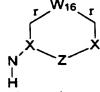
X X X

wherein:

each X is independently C or N; and Z is CO or SO_2 .

26. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 23, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(IIC)



wherein:

each X is independently C or N; Z is CO or SO₂;

 W_{16} is a straight chain comprising 1-2 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising

two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms through bonds r; and

each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond.

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An ICE inhibitor comprising:(a) a scaffold of formula III:

(III)

, wherein:

each X is independently C or N;

Z is CO or SO2;

W₄ is a straight chain comprising 2-4 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different atoms;

 W_5 is a direct bond or a straight chain comprising 1-2 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms through bonds r;

W₆ is a straight chain comprising 3-5 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms through bonds r;

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each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond;

H is a first hydrogen bonding moiety and Z is a second hydrogen bonding moiety, each of said moieties being capable of forming a hydrogen bond with a different backbone atom of ICE, said backbone atom being selected from the group consisting of the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341, the amide -NH- group of Arg-341, the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 and the amide -NH- group of Ser-339;

hydrophobic moiety said moieties each being covalently bound to said scaffold and each being capable of associating with a separate binding pocket of ICE when the inhibitor is bound thereto, said binding pocket being selected from the group consisting of the P2 binding pocket, the P3 binding pocket, the P4 binding pocket and the P' binding pocket; and

(c) an electronegative moiety comprising one or more electronegative atoms, said atoms being attached to the same atom or to adjacent atoms in the moiety and said moiety being covalently bound to said scaffold and being capable of forming one or more hydrogen bonds or salt bridges with residues in the Pl binding pocket of ICE.

28. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 27, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(IIIA)

wherein:

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each X is independently C or N; Z is CO or SO2;

Ws is a direct bond or a straight chain comprising 1-2 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different atoms;

 W_{17} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms through bonds r; and

each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond.

29. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 27,

wherein:

wherein:

each X is independently C or N;

 W_{17} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms through bonds r; and

each bond labeled r is independently a

single or a double bond.

0. An ICE inhibitor comprising:

\ (a) a scaffold of formula IV:

whereilt:

each X is independently C or N; Z is CO or SO₂;

W₇ is a straight chain comprising 3-5 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms through bonds r;

 W_8 is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of G, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated, and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms through bonds r;

each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond;

H is a first hydrogen bonding moiety and Z is a second hydrogen bonding moiety, each of said moieties being capable of forming a hydrogen bond with a different backbone atom of ICE, said backbone atom being selected from the group consisting of the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341, the amide -NH- group of Arg-341, the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 and the amide

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-NH-\ group of Ser-339;

hydrophobic moiety, said moieties each being covalently bound to said scaffold and each being capable of associating with a separate binding pocket of ICE when the inhibitor is bound thereto, said binding pocket being selected from the group consisting of the P2 binding pocket, the P3 binding pocket, the P4 binding pocket and the P' binding pocket; and

comprising one or more electronegative atoms, said atoms being attacked to the same atom or to adjacent atoms in the moiety and said moiety being covalently bound to said scaffold and being capable of forming one or more hydrogen bonds or salt bridges with residues in the P1 binding pocket of ICE.

31. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 30, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

20 (IVA)

W₁₈ X X

wherein:

each X is independently C or N; Z is CO or SO₂;

W₁₈ is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms through bonds r; and

each bond labeled r is independently a

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single or a double bond.

32. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 30, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(IVB)

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each X is independently C or N; and Z is CO or SO₂.

33. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 30, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

10 (IVC)

each X is independently C or N; Z is CO or SQ₂;

 W_{8a} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms; and

the bond labeled r is a single or a double bond.

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34. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 30, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(IVD)

wherei\n

5 2/(is CO or SO₂;

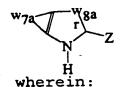
 W_{8a} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms through bonds r;

 W_{19} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms through bonds r; and

each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond.

35. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 30, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(IVE)



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Z is CO or SO2;

 W_{Ba} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from

the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms;

 W_{7a} is a straight chain comprising 3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms to form an aryl ring therewith; and the bond labeled r is a single or a

double bond.

36. An ICE inhibitor comprising:
a) a scatfold of formula V:

15 (V)

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W₉-X₁r X

wherein:

each X is independently C or N; Z is CO or SO₂;

W, is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms through bonds r;

 W_{10} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising

two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms through bonds r;

each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond;

H is a first hydrogen bonding moiety and Z is a sedond hydrogen bonding moiety, each of said moieties baing capable of forming a hydrogen bond with a different backbone atom of ICE, said backbone atom being selected from the group consisting of the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341, the amide -NH- group of Arg-341, the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 and the amide -NH- group of Sect-339;

b) (a first and a second moderately hydrophobic molety, said moieties each being covalently bound to said scaffold and each being capable of associating with a separate binding pocket of ICE when the inhibitor is bound thereto, said binding pocket being delected from the group consisting of the P2 banding pocket, the P3 binding pocket, the P4 binding pocket and the P' binding pocket; and

- an electronegative moiety comprising C) one or more electronegative atoms, said atoms being attached to the same atom of to adjacent atoms in the moiety and said moiety being\covalently bound to said scaffold and being capable of forming one or more hydrogen bonds or salt bridges with residues in the P1 binding pocket of ICE.
- The ICE inhibitor adcording to claim 36, 37. wherein said scaffold has the formula: 30

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wherein:

each X is independently C or N; and X is CO or SO₂.

38. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 36, wherein said scatfold has the formula:

wherein:

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each X is independently C or N; Z is CO on SO₂;

 W_{9a} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms; and

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the bond labeled r is a single or a double bond.

39. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 36, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(VC)

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each X is independently C or N;

is CO or SO₂;

W_{0a} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different X atoms; and

the bond labeled r is a single or a

10 double bond.

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40. An ICE inhibitor comprising:

(a) a scaffold of formula VI:

(VI)

wherein:

each X is independently C or N;

Z is CO or SO3;

W₁₁ is a straight chain comprising 3-5 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different atoms to form a ring which may optionally be benzofused or pyridinofused;

 W_{12} is a straight chain comprising 4-6 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to the indicated X atom through bonds r;

each bond labeled r is independently a

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single or a double bond;

H is a first hydrogen bonding moiety and Z is a second hydrogen bonding moiety, each of said moieties being capable of forming a hydrogen bond with a different backbone atom of ICE, said backbone atom being selected from the group consisting of the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341, the amide -NH- group of Arg-341, the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 and the amide -NH- group of Ser-339;

hydrophobic moiety, said moieties each being covalently bound to said scaffold and each being capable of associating with a separate binding pocket of ICE when the inhibitor is bound thereto, said binding pocket being selected from the group consisting of the PP binding pocket, the P3 binding pocket, the P4 binding pocket and the P' binding pocket; and

or more electronegative atoms, said atoms being attached to the same atom or to adjacent atoms in the moiety and said moiety being covalently bound to said scaffold and being capable of forming one or more hydrogen bonds or salt bridges with residues in the P1 binding pocket of ICE.

41. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 40, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

wherein:

each X and Xb is independently C or N;

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is CO or SO2;

With is a straight chain comprising 4-6 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to the indicated X_b atom through bonds r; and

each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond.

42. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 40, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(VIB)

W₂₀ r X X W₂₁ Y W

each X is independently C or N; Z is CO or SO₂;

 W_{20} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C. N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms through bonds r;

W₂₁ is a straight chain comprising 1-2 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different C atoms to form an aryl ring therewith; and each bond labeled r is independently a

single or a double bond.

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An ICE inhibitor comprising: a scaffold of formula VII: (a) (VII) wherein: X is C or N; $Z \setminus is CO or SO_2;$

 W_{13} is a straight chain comprising 3-5 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different atoms;

the bond labeled r is a single or a

double bond; 15

H is a first hydrogen bonding moiety and Z is a second hydrogen bonding moiety, each of said moieties being capable of forming a hydrogen bond with a different backbone atom of ICE, said backbone atom being selected from the group consisting of the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341, the amide -NH- group of Arg-341, the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 and the amide -NH- group of Ser-339;

a first\and a second moderately (b) hydrophobic moiety, said moieties each being covalently bound to said scaffold and each being capable of associating with a separate binding pocket of ICE when the inhibitor is bound thereto, said binding pocket being selected from the group consisting of the P2 binding pocket, the P3 binding pocket, the P4 binding pocket and the P' binding pocket; and

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(c) an electronegative moiety comprising one or more electronegative atoms, said atoms being attached to the same atom or to adjacent atoms in the moiety and said moiety being covalently bound to said scaffold and being capable of forming one or more hydrogen bonds or salt bridges with residues in the P1 binding pocket of ICE.

44. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 43, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

10 (VIIA)

X N Z wherein:

each X is independently C or N; and Z is CO or SO_2 .

45. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 43, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(VIIB)

X-W₂ N Z H wherein:

> X is C or $\backslash N$; Z is CO or $\backslash SO_2$;

 W_{22} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different atoms; and

the bond labeled r is a single or a double bond.

wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(VIIC)

/ N,

wherein:

x is C or N;

Z\is CO or SO₂;

 W_{23} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different atoms; and

the bond labeled r is a single or a

double bond.

47. The ICE inhibitor according to claim 43, wherein said scaffold has the formula:

(VIID)

X-rW₂₂a r N H

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wherein:

X is C or N;

Z is CO or SO2

 W_{22a} is a straight chain comprising 1-3 covalently bound members independently selected from the group consisting of C, N, S and O, said covalent bonds between said members being independently saturated or unsaturated and said chain comprising two ends which are covalently bound to two different atoms through bonds r; and

each bond labeled r is independently a single or a double bond.

An ICE inhibitor comprising:

a) a scaffold comprising any

monocyclic, hicyclic or tricyclic system, wherein each ring of said system comprises 5-7 members, said system comprising C, N, O or S, said system being aromatic or non-aromatic and comprising a central ring, wherein the distance between the centroid of said central ring and the alpha carbon of Cys-285 of ICE is between about 5.0Å and about 6.0Å when the inhibitor is bound to ICE and the distance between the centroid of said central ring and the alpha carbon of His-237 of ICE is between about 5.5Å and about 6.5Å when the inhibitor is bound to ICE;

a second hydrogen bonding moiety, each of said moieties being capable of forming a hydrogen bond with a different backbone atom of ICE, said atoms being selected from the group consisting of the carbonyl oxygen of Arg-341, the amide -NH- group of Arg-341, the carbonyl oxygen of Ser-339 and the amide -NH- group of Ser-339;

hydrophobic moiety, said moieties each being covalently bound to said scaffold and each being capable of associating with a separate binding pocket of ICE when the inhibitor is bound thereto, said binding pocket being selected from the group consisting of the P2 binding pocket, the P3 binding pocket, the P4 binding pocket and the P' binding pocket; and

d) an electronegative moiety

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comprising one or more electronegative atoms, said atoms being attached to the same atom or to adjacent atoms in the moiety and said moiety being covalently bound\to said scaffold and being capable of forming one or more hydrogen bonds or salt bridges with residues in the P1 binding pocket of ICE.

A compound represented by the formula:

R₁-NH-X₁

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 α

wherein:

X₁ is CH or 'N

g is 0 or 1;

each J is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -OH, and -F, provided that when a first and second J are bound to a C and said first J is -OH, said second J \s -H;

m is 0, 1, or 2; 20

> T is -Ar₃, -OH, -CF₃, - $QO-CO_2H$, - CO_2H or any bioisosteric replacement fdr -CO₂H;

 R_1 is selected from the group consisting of the following formulae, in which any ring may optionally be singly or multiply substituted at any carbon by Q_1 , at any nitrogen by R_5 , or at any atom by =0, -OH, -CO2H, or halogen, and in which any saturated ring may optionally be unsaturated at \one or two bonds:

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(ee) (ff) ; (gg) (CҢ₂)a (gga) (ggb) ; and (ggc)

wherein each ring C is independently chosen from the group consisting of benzo, pyrido, thieno, pyrrolo, furano, thiazolo, isothiazolo, oxazolo, isoxazolo, pyrimido, imidazolo, cyclopentyl, and cyclohexyl;

```
- 303 -
              -CN
              -CH=CH-R,,
              -CH=N-O-R_9,
              -(CH_2)_{1-3}-T_1-R_9,
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              -CJ_2-R_{\frac{1}{2}},
              -CO-R_{13}\ or
10
                      each R_4 is independently selected from the
         group consisting of:
              -H,
              -Ar1,
              -R,,
15
              -T_1-R_9, and
              -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1,2,3</sub>-T<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>9</sub>
              each T_1 is independently selected from the group
          consisting of:
               -CH=CH-,
20
               -0-,
               -S-,
               -SO-,
               -SO<sub>2</sub>-,
               -NR_{10}-,
25
               -NR<sub>10</sub>-CO-,
               -CO-,
               -O-CO-,
               -co-o-,
 30
               -CO-NR<sub>10</sub>-,
               -O-CO-NR<sub>10</sub>-,
               -NR<sub>10</sub>-CO-O-,
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-NR₁₀-CO-NR₁₀-, -SO₂-NR₁₀-, -NR₁₀-SO₂-, and -NR₁₀-SO₂-NR₁₀-,

each R_5 is independently selected from the group consisting of:

-H, -Ar₁, -CO-Ar1 $-SO_2-Ar_1$ 10 -R9, -CO-R,, -CO-O-R9, $-SO_2-R_9$, /Ar₁ 15 -CO-N \R₁₀, /Ar₁ -SO2-N 20 \R₁₀, /R₉ -CO-N \R_{10} , anþ

 R_6 and R_7 taken together form a saturated 4-8 member carbocyclic ring or heterocyclic ring containing -O-, -S-, or -NH-, or R_7 is -H and R_6 is

-H -Ar₁,

-SO2-N

 \R_{10} ,

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-R₉, or - $(CH_2)_{1,2,3}$ - T_1 -R₉,

each R_9 is a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group optionally singly or multiply substituted by -OH, -F, or =O and optionally substituted with one or two Ar₁ groups;

each R_{10} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H or a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group;

each R_{13} is independently selected from the group consisting of $-Ar_2$ and $-R_4$,

each Ar₁ is a\cyclic group independently selected from the set condisting of an aryl group which contains 6, 10, 12, or 14 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, a cycloalkyl group which contains between 3 and 15 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, said cycloalkyl group being optionally benzofused, and a heterocycle group containing between 5 and 15 ring atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, said heterocycle group containing at least one heteroatom group selected from -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO₂-, =N-, and -NH-, said heterocycle group optionally containing one or more \double bonds, said heterocycle group optionally comprising one or more aromatic rings, and said cyclic group optionally being singly or multiply substituted by =0, -OH, perfluoro C_{1-3} alkyl, or $-Q_1$;

each Ar₂ is independently selected from the following group, in which any ring may optionally be

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substituted by $-Q_1$:

Ar₃ is a cyclic group selected from the set consisting of a phenyl ring, a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring, and a 6-membered heteroaromatic ring, said heteroaromatic rings comprising 1-3 heteroatom groups selected from -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO₂-, =N-, and -NH-, said cyclic group optionally being singly or multiply substituted with =O, -OH, halogen, perfluoro C_{1-3} alkyl, or $-CO_2H$;

each Q_1 is independently selected from the group consisting of

20 -Ar₁
-R₉,
-T₁-R₉,
-(CH₂)_{1,2,3}-T₁-R₉,

provided that when -Ar₁ is substituted with a Q₁
group which comprises one or more additional -Ar₁
groups, said additional -Ar₁ groups are not
substituted with Q₁;

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each X is independently selected from the group consisting of =N-, and =CH-;

each x_2 is independently selected from the group consisting of -O-, -CH₂-, -NH-, -S-, -SO-, and -SO₂-;

each X_3 is independently selected from the group consisting of $-CH_2-$, -S-, -SO-, and $-SO_2-$;

each X_4 is independently selected from the group consisting of $-CH_2$ - and -NH-;

each X_5 is independently selected from the group consisting of -CH- and -N-;

 X_6 is CH or N, provided that when X_6 is N in the R_1 group labeled (o) and X_5 is CH and X_2 is CH₂ the ring of the R_1 group labeled (o) must be substituted by Q_1 or benzofused;

each Y is independently selected from the group consisting of -O- and -S-

each Z is independently CO or SO2,

each a is independently 0 or 1,

each c is independently 1 of 2,

each d is independently 0, 1, or 2, and

each e is independently 0, 1, 2, or 3.

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50. The compound according to claims 49 or 80, wherein R_1 is:

51. The compound according to claims 49 or

80, wherein R_1 \(\frac{1}{2}s:

52. The compound according to claims 49 or

80, wherein R₁ is:

53. The compound according to claims 49 or

80, wherein R_1 is:

54. The compound according to claims 49 or

80, wherein R₁ is:

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 $\sqrt{55}$. The compound according to claims 49 or 80, wherein R_1 is:

(f) R₆ R₅ R₇ O Z ---

56. The compound according to claims 49 or 80, wherein R_{1} is:

(g) X-X Z-R₂₀-Z-

57. The compound according to claims 49 or

10 80, wherein R₁ is

(h)

X X Z - R₂₀ - Z -

58. The compound according to claims 49 or

80, wherein R_1 is:

15 (i) X₂ (CH₀)d

59. The compound according to claims 49 or

80, wherein R_1 is:

(j) (X₄)_a (CH₂)_a

C R₆
N-C-CH O

The compound according to claims 49 or 80, wherein R_1 is:

5 61. The compound according to claims 49 or

80, wherein R₁ is:

(1)
$$C X_4 (CH_2)_d$$
 $(CH_2)_a - N C - R_20 - Z - H O$

62. The compound according to claims 49 or

10 80, wherein R_1 is:

63. The compound according to claims 49 or

80, wherein R₁ is:

64. The compound according to claims 49 or

65. The compound according to claims 49 or 80, wherein R_1 is:

(p)

5 66. The compound according to claims 49 or

80, wherein $R_1 \setminus is$:

67. The compound according to claims 49 or

10 80, wherein R_1 is (\cdot)

(r)

68. The compound according to claims 49 or

80, wherein R_1 is:

15 (s)

69. The compound according to claims 49, or

80, wherein R₁ is: (CH)d

(t)

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70. The compound according to claims 49 or 80, wherein R_1 is:

71. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing an IL-1 mediated disease comprising a pharmaceutically effective amount of an ICE inhibitor according to any one of claims 1-70 and 80-124 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

72. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing an autoimmune disease comprising a pharmaceutically effective amount of an ICE inhibitor according to any one of claims 1-70 and 80-124 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

73. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing an inflammatory disease comprising a pharmaceutically effective amount of an ICE inhibitor according to any one of 1-70 and 80-124 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

74. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a neurodegenerative disease comprising a pharmaceutically effective amount of an ICE inhibitor according to any one of claims 1-70 and 80-124 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

A method for treating or preventing a disease selected from the group consisting of IL-1 mediated disease, autoimmune disease, inflammatory disease and neurodegenerative disease in a patient comprising the step of administering to said patient a pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 71 to 75.

A method for selecting an ICE inhibitor 77. comprising the steps of:

selecting a candidate compound of defined chemical structure comprising at least two hydrogen bonding motieties, at least two moderately hydrophobic moieties and one electronegative moiety comprising one or more electronegative atoms attached either to the same atom or to adjacent atoms in the electronegative moiety;

determining a low-energy conformation b) for binding of said compound to the active site of ICE;

evaluating the capability of said c) compound in said conformation to form at least two hydrogen bonds with the non-carbon backbone atoms of Arg-341 and Ser-339 of ICE;

evaluating the capability of said compound in said conformation to associate with at least two of the binding pockets of ICE selected from the group consisting of the P2 binding\pocket, the P3

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g is 0 or 1;

binding pocket, the P4 binding pocket and the P' binding pocket; evaluating the capability of said compound in said conformation to interact with the P1 binding pocket of ICE; and accepting or rejecting said candidate compound as \an ICE inhibitor based on the determinations and evaluations carried out in the preceeding steps. The method of claim 77, additionally comprising the following steps which follow step e) and preceed step \f): evaluating the deformation energy of binding of said compound to ICE; and evaluating the contribution of the sum of all electrostatid interactions between said compound and ICE when said compound is bound thereto in said conformation. An ICE impibitor selected by either of the methods according to claims 77 or 78. A compound\represented by the formula: 80. α wherein: X, is -CH;

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each J is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -OH, and -F, provided that when a first and second J are bound to a C and said first J is -OH, said second J is -H;

m is 0, 1, or 2;

T is -OH, $-CO-CO_2H$, $-CO_2H$, or any bioisosteric replacement for $-CO_2H$;

 R_1 is selected from the group consisting of the following formulae, in which any ring may optionally be singly or multiply substituted at any carbon by Q_1 , at any nitrogen by R_5 , or at any atom by =0, -OH, -CO₂H, or halogen; any saturated ring may optionally be unsaturated at one or two bonds; and wherein R_1 (e) and R_1 (y) are optionally benzofused;

;

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(i)
$$X_2$$

$$X_2$$

$$X_3$$

$$X_4$$

$$X_4$$

$$X_2$$

$$(CH_2)d$$

$$(CH_2)a$$

$$(CH_2)a$$

$$(CH_2)a$$

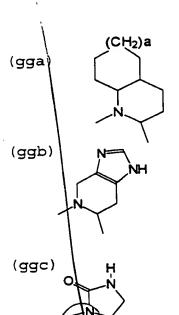
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(m) X₂ (CH₂)d R₅ R₆ (CH₂)d R₇ O

;

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; and

wherein each ring C is independently chosen from the group consisting of benzo, pyrido, thieno, pyrrolo, furano, thiazolo, isothiazolo, oxazolo, isoxazolo, pyrimido, imidazolo, cyclopentyl, and cyclohexyl;

R₃ is:
-CN,
-CH=CH-R₉,
-CH=N-O-R₉,
-(CH₂)₁₋₃-T₁-R₉,
-CJ₂-R₉,
-CO-R₁₃, or
-CO-CO-N

each R_4 is independently selected from the group consisting of:

-H,

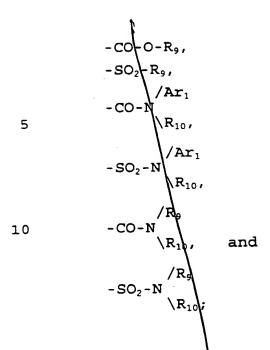
-Ar₁,

```
-\frac{1}{1}-R<sub>9</sub>, and
                       -(CH_2)_{1,2,3}-T_1-R_9;
                       each T_1 is independently selected from the group
                  consisting of:
         5
                       CH=CH-
                        -sol
                        -so<sub>2</sub>+,
        10
                        -NR_{1q}-,
DABELLE OBETO
                        -NR10-CO-,
                        -CO-
                        -o-cq-,
                        -co-d-,
        15
                        -CO-NR<sub>10</sub>-,
                        -0-CQ-NR<sub>10</sub>-,
                        -NR<sub>10</sub>-CO-O-,
                        -NR10-CO-NR10-,
                        -SO_2-NR_{10}-,
         20
                        -NR<sub>10</sub>-$0<sub>2</sub>-,
                                                  and
                        -NR_{10}-5O_2-NR_{10}-;
                        each R_{\scriptscriptstyle S} is independently selected from the group
                   consisting of:
         25
                        -H,
                        -Ar<sub>1</sub>,
                        -CO-Ar1,
                         -SO2-Ar1,
                         -CO-NH<sub>2</sub>
                         -SO_2-NH_2
         30
                         -R<sub>9</sub>,
                         -CO-R,,
```

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 R_6 and R_7 taken together form a saturated 4-8 member carbocyclic ring or heterocyclic ring containing -O- $\sqrt{-S-}$, or -NH-; or R_7 is -H and R_6 is

-H

-Ar1,

-R9,

 $-(CH_2)_{1,2,3}-T_1-R_1$, or

_an α-amino acid side chain residue;

each R_9 is a C_{1-} straight or branched alkyl group optionally singly or multiply substituted by -OH, -F, or =O and optionally substituted with one or two Ar_1 groups;

each R_{10} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H or a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group;

each R₁₃ is independently selected from the group

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consisting of $-Ar_2$, $-R_4$ and -N-OH

each Ar, is a cyclic group independently selected from the set consisting of an aryl group which contains &, 10, 12, or 14 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, a cycloalkyl group which contains between 3 and 15 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, said\cycloalkyl group being optionally benzofused, and a heterocycle group containing between 5 and 15 ring atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, said heterocycle group containing at least one heteroatom group selected from -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO2-, =N-, and -NH-, said heterocycle group optionally containing one or more double bonds, said heterocycle group optionally comprising one or more aromatic rings, and said\cyclic group optionally being singly or multiply substituted by -NH2, -CO2H, -Cl, -F, -Br, -I, $-NO_2$, -CN,

=0, -OH, -perfluorp C_{1-3} alkyl, CH_2 , or $-Q_1$

each Ar_2 is independently selected from the following group, in which any ring may optionally be singly or multiply substituted by $-Q_1$ and $-Q_2$:

(kk) N ;

each $\backslash Q_1$ is independently selected from the group consisting of:

-Ar₁

-0-Ar₁

-R₉,

 $-T_1-R_9$,

and

10 - $(CH_2)_{1,2,3}$ - T_1 - R_9 ;

each Q_2 is independently selected from the group consisting of -OH, -NH₂, -CO₂H, -Cl, -F, -Br, -I, -NO₂, -CN, -CF, and O

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CH₂

provided that when $-Ar_1$ is substituted with a Q_1 group which comprises one or more additional $-Ar_1$ groups, said additional $-Ar_1$ groups are not substituted with Q_1 ;

each X is independently selected from the group
consisting of =N-, and =CH-;

each X_2 is independently selected from the group consisting of -O-, -CH₂-, -NH-, -S-, -SO-, and -SO₂-;

each X_3 is independently selected from the group consisting of $-CH_2-$, -S-, -SO-, and $-SO_2-$;

each X4 is independently selected from the group consisting of -CH2- and -NH-;

```
each X5 is independently selected from the group
      consisting of -CH- and -N-;
         X_6 i/s -CH- or -N-;
         each Y is independently selected from the group
5
      consisting of -O-, -S-, and -NH;
         each 2 is independently CO or SO2;
         each a\is independently 0 or 1;
          each c is independently 1 or 2;
          each d is independently 0, 1, or 2; and
10
          each e is independently 0, 1, 2, or 3;
      provided that when
               R_1 is (f),
               R_6 is an \alpha-amino acid side chain residue, and
15
               R_7 is -H,
          then (aa1) and (aa2) must be substituted with Q_1;
          also provided that when
               R_1 is (0),
20
               g is 0,
               J is -H
               m is 1,
               R_6 is an \alpha-amino acid side chain residue,
               R_7 is -H,
25
               X_2 is -CH_2,
               Xs is -CH-
```

```
or -CO-R<sub>13</sub>, when
       5
                                        -CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CO-Ar<sub>1</sub>,
                                        -CH<sub>2</sub>-S-CO-Ar<sub>1</sub>,
                                        -CH<sub>2</sub>-O-Ar<sub>1</sub>,
-CH<sub>2</sub>-S-Ar<sub>1</sub>, or
      10
                                        -R4 when -R4 is -H;
OGESTA OSTICI
                   then the ring of the R_1(0) group must be
               substituted with Q1 or benzofused; and
                   provided that when
      15
                          R_1 is (w),
                          g is 0,
                          J is -H,
                         m is 1,
                           T is -CO_2H,
       20
                           X_2 is 0,
                          R<sub>5</sub> is benzyloxycarbonyl, and
                           ring C is benzo,
                    then R_3 cannot be -CO-R_{13} when:
                           R_{13} is -CH_2-O-Ar_1 and
       25
                           Ar<sub>1</sub> is 1-pheny\(\frac{1}{2}\)-3-trifluoromethyl-
                pyrazole-5-yl wherein the phenyl is optionally
                substituted with a chlorine atom;
                    or when
                           R_{13} is -CH_2=O-CO-Ar_1, wherein
       30
                           Ar, is 2,6-dichlorophenyl.
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wherein R_1 is: $(w) \begin{array}{c}
 & X_2 - C \\
 & X_2 - C \\
 & X_1 - C \\
 & X_2 - C \\
 & X_1 - C \\
 & X_2 - C \\
 & X_2 - C \\
 & X_1 - C \\
 & X_2 - C \\
 & X_2 - C \\
 & X_3 - C \\
 & X_4 - C \\
 & X_4 - C \\
 & X_5 - C \\
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 & X_4 - C \\
 & X_5 - C \\
 & X_1 - C \\
 & X_2 - C \\
 & X_3 - C \\
 & X_4 - C \\
 & X_5 - C \\
 & X_1 - C \\
 & X_2 - C \\
 & X_3 - C \\
 & X_4 - C \\
 & X_5 - C \\$

82. The compound according to claim 80,

83. The compound according to claim 80, wherein R_1 is:

(y) $X_{2^{-}(CH_{2})c}$ $X_{3^{-}(CH_{2})a}$ $X_{3^{-}(CH_{2})c}$ $X_{3^{-}(CH_{2})c}$

84. The compound according to claim 80,

wherein:

 X_1 is -CH;

g is 0;

20 J is -H;

m is 0 or 1 and T is -CO-CO₂H, or any bioisosteric replacement for -CO₂H, or

m is 1 and T is -CO₂H;

 R_1 is selected from the group consisting of the following formulae, in which any ring may optionally be singly or multiply substituted at any carbon by

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COSSEZZE CERTICE

(f)
$$R_6$$
 R_7 R_{20} R_{20} R_{20}

(h)
$$X \longrightarrow X \longrightarrow Z \longrightarrow R_{20} \longrightarrow R_{20}$$

OGGGCYZU OGGLOI

when R_1 is (a) or (b), R_5 is preferably -H, and when R_1 is (d), (e), (f), (o), (r), (w), (x) or

> -CO-Ar₁ $-SO_2-A\tilde{r}_1$, -CO-NH2. -CO-NH-Ar

(y), R₅ is preferably:

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- 330
SO₂-R₉, or

-CO-NH-R₉,

R₇ is -H and R₆ is: -H,

-R₉, or

-Ar₁;

R₉ is a C₁₋₆ straight or branched alkyl group optionally substituted with =O and optionally substituted with -Ar₁;

 R_{10} is -H or a $-C_{1-3}$ straight or branched alkyl group;

Ar₁ is phenyl, naphthyl, pyridyl, benzothiazolyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, benzoxazolyl, 2-indanyl, or indolyl substituted with $-O-C_{1-3}$ alkyl, $-NH-C_{1-3}$ alkyl, $-N-(C_{1-3}$ alkyl)₂, -Cl, -F, $-CF_3$,

 $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl, or

CH₂ ;

 Q_1 is R_9 or $-(CH_2)_{0,1,2}-T_1-(CH_2)_{0,1,2}-Ar_1$, wherein T_1 is -O- or -S-;

each X is independently selected from the group consisting of =N-, and =CH-;

each X_2 is independently selected from the group consisting of -O-, -CH₂-, -NH-, -S-, -SO-, and -SO₂-;

each X₅ is independently selected from the group consisting of -CH- and -N-;

 X_6 is -CH- or -N-,

provided that when:

 R_1 is $R_1(0)$,

 X_2 is - CH_2 -,

 X_5 is -CH-, and

 X_6 is -N

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then the ring of the $R_1(o)$ group must be substituted with Q_1 or benzofused; and

Z is C=0.

85. The compound according to claim 84,

wherein the R₁ group is

optionally substituted with Q1, wherein

R₅ is -H;

R7 is -H; and

Z is C=0.

86. The compound according to claim 84, wherein the R_1 group is

optionally substituted with Q1, wherein

∖is -H; R_7 is -H; and Z is\ C=0. The compound according to claim 84, wherein the R₁ group is

(c1)

which is optionally substituted with Q_1 ;

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provided that when R₁ is (c1),

g is J is \\H, m is 1, T is $-C\phi_2H$,

X is N,

R₅ is benzyloxycarbonyl, and

R₆ is -H,

then R₃ cannot be -CO-R₁₃ when

 R_{13} is $-CH_2 \downarrow O-Ar_1$ and

Arı is 1-phenyl-3-trifluoromethyl-pyrazole-5yl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with a chlorine atom; or when

 R_{13} is $-CH_2-O-QO-Ar_1$, wherein Ar, is 2,6-dichlorophenyl,

and when the 2-position of the scaffold ring is substituted with para-fluoro-phenyl.

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- 333 -The compound according to claim 84, 88. wherein the R₁ group is: (c2) which is optionally substituted with Q_1 . The compound according to claim 84, 89. wherein the R_{\parallel} group is: (e1) or(CH₂)_c (e2) and c is 2; or (e4) (CH₂)_C or (CH2)c (e7) which is optionally benzofused, and c is 1 or 2; provided that when R₁ is (e4),

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g \mid is 0,
                 J\is -H,
                 m his 1,
                 T \downarrow s - CO_2H,
                 R<sub>5</sub> is benzyloxycarbonyl, and
5
                 c is 1,
           then R<sub>3</sub> cannot be -CO-R<sub>13</sub> when
                 R_{13} is -CH_2-O-Ar_1 and
                 Ar<sub>1</sub> is 1-phenyl-3-trifluoromethyl-pyrazole-
       5-yl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted
10
       with a chlorine atom; or when
                 R_{13} is -CH_2-O-CO-Ar_1, wherein
                 Ar_1 is \ 2,6-dichlorophenyl,
           and when the 2-position of the scaffold ring is
15
       substituted with para-fluoro-phenyl; and
           also provided that when
                  R_1 is (e7),
                  g is 0,
                  J is -H,
20
                  m is 1,
                  T is -CO<sub>2</sub>H or -CO-NH-OH,
                  R_5 is a protective group for the N atom of an
        amino acid side chain residue, and
                  each c is 1,
25
            then R<sub>3</sub> cannot be -CO-R<sub>13</sub> when
            R<sub>13</sub> is:
                  -CH_2-O-CO-Arl_1,
                  -CH2-S-CO-Ar ,
                  -CH_2-O-Ar_1, or
30
                  -CH_2-S-Ar_1.
```

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90. The compound according to claim 84, wherein the R_1 group is

5 91. The compound according to slaim 84, wherein the R_1 group is

, wherein

 R_{20} is (aal) optionally substituted singly or multiply with $\Phi_1;$ and

92. The compound according to claim 84, wherein the R_1 group is

, wherein

 R_{20} is (aal) optionally substituted singly or multiply with $Q_1;$ and

Z is
$$C=0$$
.

93. The compound according to claim 84, wherein the R_1 group is:

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optionally substituted with Q_1 .

The compound according to claim 84, wherein the R₁ group is (w1)

X₂ is: -0- , -S- , -SO₂-, or-NH-;

optionally substituted with R₅ or Q₁ at X₂ when X₂ 15 is -NH-; and

> ring C is benzo substituted with -C1-3 alkyl, $-O-C_{1-3}$ alkyl, -Cl, -F or CF_3 .

The compound according to claim 84, wherein R₃ is:

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 $-CO-R_{13}$, or $-CO-R_{13}$, or -CO-

 R_9 is a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group optionally substituted with =0 and optionally substituted with Ar_1 ; and

R₁₃ is:
-H,
-R₉,
-Ar₂, or
-CH₂-T₁-R₉.

96. The compound according to claim 95,

wherein -Ar₂ is:

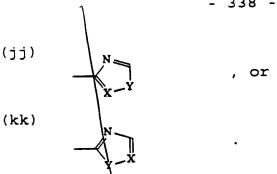
optionally substituted singly or multiply with $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $-N+C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $-N-(C_{1-6}$ alkyl)₂, $-S-C_{1-6}$ alkyl, -Cl, -F, $-CF_3$, or O

alkyl)₂, -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl, -Cl, -F, -CF₃, or O

CH₂.

97. The compound according to claim 95, wherein -Ar₂ is:

$$-\sqrt{x}$$



The compound according to claim 95, 98.

wherein:

5

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 R_{13} is $-CH_2 \not\models O-R_9$; wherein:

 R_9 is a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group optionally substituted with =0 and optionally substituted with Ar1.

The compound according to claim 95, wherein:

 R_{13} is $-CH_2-S \nmid R_9$; wherein:

 R_9 is a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group optionally substiltuted with Ar1.

The compound according to claim 98, wherein:

 R_{13} is $-CH_2-O-R_9$; wherein:

 R_9 is a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group 20 optionally substituted with Ar1.

> 101. The compound according to claim 95, wherein:

R₁₃ is H.

25

102. A compound represented by the formula:

wherein the ring is optionally substituted with one or more R groups, preferably 0, 1 or 2; and wherein:

 R_1 is $R_5 - (A)_p - ;$

 R_{5} is selected from the group consisting of:

-H,

-Ar1,

-CO-Ar1, 10

 $-SO_2-Ar_1$,

-R₉,

-CO-R₉,

-CO-O-R9,

-SO₂-R₉, 15

/Ar₁

-CO-N

\R₁₀,

 $/Ar_1$ 20 -SO2-N

 \R_{10} ,

/R₉ -CO-N

\R₁₀, and

/R₉
-SO₂-N
\R₁₀;

each A is independently selected from the group 30 consisting of any α -amino acid;

```
p is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;
           Y is
                    -0-,
                    -s- or
                    -NH; and
 5
           R is:
                    -H,
                    -O-C_{1-6} alkyl,
                    -NH(C_{1-6} \text{ alkyl}),
                    -N(C_{1-6} \text{ alkyl})_2,
10
                    -S-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                    -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, or
                    -Q<sub>2</sub>;
            each R_9 is a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group
        optionally singly or multiply substituted by -OH, -F,
15
        or =O and optionally substituted with one Ar<sub>1</sub> group;
            each R_{10} is independently selected from the group
        consisting of -H or a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl
        group;
            each T_1 is independently selected from the group
20
        consisting of:
            -CH=CH-,
            -0-,
             -S-,
25
             -SO-,
             -SO<sub>2</sub>-,
             -NR<sub>10</sub>-,
             -NR<sub>10</sub>-CO-,
             -CO-,
             -0-CO-,
```

```
-CO-O-,

-CO-NR<sub>10</sub>-,

-O-CO-NR<sub>10</sub>-,

-NR<sub>10</sub>-CO-O-,

-NR<sub>10</sub>-CO-NR<sub>10</sub>-,

-SO<sub>2</sub>-NR<sub>10</sub>-,

-NR<sub>10</sub>-SO<sub>2</sub>-, and

-NR<sub>10</sub>-SO<sub>2</sub>-NR<sub>10</sub>-,
```

each Ar₁ is a cyclic group independently selected from the set consisting of an aryl group which 10 contains 6, 10, 12, or 14 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, a cycloalkyl group which contains between 3 and 15 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, said cycloalkyl group being optionally benzofused, and a heterocycle group containing 15 between 5 and 15 ring atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, said heterocycle group containing at least one heteroatom group selected from -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO₂-, =N-, and -NH-, said heterocycle group optionally containing one or more double bonds, said heterocycle 20 group optionally comprising one or more aromatic rings, and said cyclic group optionally being singly or multiply substituted by -NH2, -CO2H, -Cl, -F, -Br, -I, $-NO_2$, -CN, =O, -OH,

25 -perfluoro
$$C_{1-3}$$
 alkyl, O /\ CH₂, or -Q₁;

each Q_1 is independently selected from the group consisting of:

 $-Ar_1$ $-R_9$, $-T_1-R_9$, and

each Q_2 is independently selected from the group consisting of -OH, -NH₂, -CO₂H, -Cl, -F, -Br, -I, -NO₂, -CN, -CF₃, and O

-NO₂, -CN, -CF₃, and O / \
CH

provided that when $-Ar_1$ is substituted with a Q_1 group which comprises one or more additional $-Ar_1$ groups, said additional $-Ar_1$ groups are not substituted with Q_1 .

103. A compound according to claim 102 selected from the group consisting of:

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_{3C} \\ \text{H}_{3C} \\ \text{H} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{H}_{3C} \\ \text{H} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{H}_{3C} \\ \text{H} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{H}_{3C} \\ \text{H}_{3C} \\ \text{H} \\ \text{H}_{3C} \\ \text{H}_{3C}$

$$(\underline{S}) \quad H_3C \qquad \begin{array}{c} H \\ \hline \\ H \\ \hline \\ OH \end{array}$$

OSESTI LOGILOR

10

15

; and

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_{3}\text{C} \\ \text{H}_{3}\text{C} \\ \text{OH} \end{array}$$

104. A compound according to claim 102 wherein each A is independently selected from the group consisting of the α -amino acids:

alanine,

histidine,

lysine,

phenylalanine,

proline,

tyrosine,

valine,

leucine,

isoleucine,

glutamine,

methionine,

20 homoproline,

3-(2-thienyl) alanine, and

3-(3-thienyl) alanine.

5

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$$\pi$$
 R_1-N
 H
 O
 R_9

wherein:

5 $R_1 \text{ is } R_5 - (A)_p - ;$

each T_{l} is independently selected from the group consisting of:

-CH=CH-,

-0-,

10 -S-,

-SO-,

-SO₂-,

 $-NR_{10}-$,

-NR₁₀-CO-,

_---10 -

15 -CO-,

-0-CO-,

-CO-O-,

 $-CO-NR_{10}-$,

-O-CO-NR₁₀-,

20 -NR₁₀-CO-O-,

 $-NR_{10}-CO-NR_{10}-$,

 $-SO_2-NR_{10}-$,

 $-NR_{10}-SO_2-$, and

 $-NR_{10}-SO_2-NR_{10}-;$

25

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 R_{5} is selected from the group consisting of:

-H,

-Ar1,

-CO-Ar1,

 $-SO_2-Ar_1$,

-R9,

-CO-R₉, -CO-O-R9, -SO2-R9, /Ar₁ -CO-N 5 \R_{10} /Ar₁ -SO2-N \R_{10} /R₉ 10 -CO-N \R_{10} , and -SO₂-N 15

each A is independently selected from the group consisting of any α -amino acid;

p is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

each R_9 is a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group optionally singly or multiply substituted by -OH, -F, or =O and optionally substituted with an Ar_1 group;

each R_{10} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H or a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group;

25 Ar₁ is a cyclic group independently selected from the set consisting of an aryl group which contains 6, 10, 12, or 14 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, a cycloalkyl group which contains between 3 and 15 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, said cycloalkyl group being optionally benzofused, and a

heterocycle group containing between 5 and 15 ring atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, said heterocycle group containing at least one heteroatom group selected from -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO₂-, =N-, and -NH-, said heterocycle group optionally containing one or more double bonds, said heterocycle group optionally comprising one or more aromatic rings, and said cyclic group optionally being singly or multiply substituted by -NH₂, -CO₂H, -Cl, -F, -Br, -I, -NO₂, -CH, =O, -OH, -perfluoro C₁₋₃ alkyl, O

15 $-T_1-R_9$.

5

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106 A compound according to claim 105 selected from the group consisting of:

$$(X) \qquad H_{3}C \qquad H_{4}C \qquad C_{1}C \qquad C_{1}C \qquad C_{2}C \qquad C_{1}C \qquad C_{2}C \qquad C_{2$$

но

; and

107. A compound according to claim 105 wherein each A is independently selected from the group consisting of the α -amino acids:

alanine,

histidine,

lysine,

phenylalanine,

proline,

tyrosine,

valine,

leucine,

isoleucine,

glutamine,

methionine,

homoproline,

3-(2-thienyl) alanine, and

3-(3-thienyl) alanine.

108. The compound according to claim 85, selected from the group consisting of:

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109. The compound according to claim 88, selected from the group consisting of

10

15

57b , N,

10

15 .

20

wherein: $\begin{array}{c} \text{R}_1 \text{ is:} \\ \text{(cH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{(e1)} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \text{R}_5 \\ \text{N} \\ \text{H} \\ \text{O} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{O} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{O} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{O} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{O} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{(CH}_2\text{)c} \\ \text{(CH}_2\text{)c$

111. The compound according to claim 110, selected from the group consisting of:

and

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112. The compound according to claim 90, selected from the group consisting of:

113. The compound according to claim 91, selected from the group consisting of:

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15

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121

The compound according to claim 114, selected from the group consisting of:

116. The compound according to claim 93, selected from the group consisting of:

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15

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108b

108c

108c

108c

108c

118. The compound according to claim 105:

89 HONN HOOL

119. A compound represented by the formula:

T is -CO₂H, or any bioisosteric replacement for -CO₂H

```
-CN
               -CO-R_{13}, or
                -co-do-n
 5
                             \R<sub>10</sub>;
               R_5 is selected from the group consisting of:
                -H,
                -Ar_1,
                -CO-Ar1,
10
                -SO_2-Ar_1,
                -R9,
                -CO-R9,
                -CO-O-R<sub>9</sub>,
                -SO_2-R_9,
15
                         /Ar<sub>1</sub>
                -CO-N
                        \R<sub>10</sub>,
                          /Ar<sub>1</sub>
                -SO<sub>2</sub>-N
20
                          \R_{10},
                         /R,
                 -CO-N
                         \R_{10},
                                     and
25
                 -SO2-N
                           \R<sub>10</sub>;
```

each A is independently selected from the group consisting of any α -amino acid;

p is 2 or 3;

each R_9 is a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group optionally singly or multiply substituted by -OH, -F,

or =0 and optionally substituted with one Ar₁ group;

each T_1 is independently selected from the group consisting of:

-CH=QH-,

5 -0-,

-S-,

-SO-,

-SO₂-,

 $-NR_{10}-$,

10 -NR₁₀-CO-

-CO-,

-0-CO-,

-co-o-,

-CO-NR₁₀-,

15 -O-CO-NR₁₀-

-NR₁₀-CO-O-,

-NR₁₀-CO-NR₁₀-

 $-SO_2-NR_{10}-$,

 $-NR_{10}-SO_{2}-$,

 $-NR_{10}-SO_2-NR_{10}-;$

each R_{10} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H or a $-C_{1-6}$ straight or branched alkyl group;

each R_{13} is independently selected from the group consisting of H, R_9 , Ar_2 and $-CH_2-T_1-R_9$,

and

each Ar₁ is a cyclic group independently selected from the set consisting of an aryl group which contains 6, 10, 12, or 14 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, a cycloalkyl group which contains between 3 and 15 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3

30

rings, said cycloalkyl group being optionally benzofused, and a heterocycle group containing between 5 and 15 ring atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, said heterocycle group containing at least one heteroatom group selected from -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO₂-, =N-, and -NH-, said heterocycle group optionally containing one or more double bonds, said heterocycle group optionally comprising one or more aromatic rings, and said cyclic group optionally being singly or multiply substituted by -NH₂, -CO₂H, -Cl, -F, -Br, -I, -NO₂, -CN, =O, -OH, -perfluoro C₁ alkyl, O

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each Ar_2 is independently selected from the following group in which any ring may optionally be singly or multiply substituted by $-Q_1$ and $-Q_2$:

20

25

(kk) N ; and

each Q₁ is independently selected from the group consisting of:

30 -Ar₁

(jj)

-0-Ar₁

-R9,

10

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I

 T_1-R_9 , and T_1-R_9 ;

each Q_2 is independently selected from the group consisting of -OH, -NH₂, -CO₂H, -Cl, -F, -Br, -I, -NO₂, -CN, -CF₃, and O

 NO_2 , -CN, $-CF_3$, and O CH_2 O

provided that when $-Ar_1$ is substituted with a Q_1 group which comprises one or more additional $-Ar_1$ groups, said additional $-Ar_1$ groups are not substituted with Q_1 .

120. The compound according to claim 119, selected from the group consisting of:

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156 159 161 ; and

121. The compound acording to claim 119, wherein each A is independently selected from the group consisting of the α -amino acids:

alanine, histidine,

```
TOTESO" EZZSEBGO
```

```
lysine,
                phenylalanine,
                proline,
                tyrosine,
                valline,
5
                leucine,
                isdleucine,
                glutamine,
                methionine,
                homoproline,
10
                3-(2-thienyl) alanine, and
                3-(3-thienyl) alanine.
                122. A compound represented by the formula:
                δ
15
          R_1 is R_5-(A)
          R_5 is selected from the group consisting of:
           -H,
           -Ar1,
           -CO-Ar<sub>1</sub>,
20
           -SO_2-Ar_1,
           -R9,
           -CO-R9,
           -CO-O-R9,
           -SO_2-R_9,
25
           -CO-N
```

20

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$$/Ar_1$$
 $-SO_2-N$
 $/R_{10}$,
 $-CO-N$
 $/R_{10}$, and
 $/R_9$
 $-SO_2-N$
 $/R_{10}$;

each A is independently selected from the group consisting of any α -amino acid;

p is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

each R_9 is a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group optionally singly or multiply substituted by -OH, -F, or =O and optionally substituted with one Ar_1 group;

each R_{10} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H or a C_{1-6} straight or branched alkyl group;

each T_1 is independently selected from the group consisting of:

-CH=CH-,

-0-,

-S-,

-SO-,

each Ar₁ is a cyclic group independently selected from the set consisting of an aryl group which contains 6, 10, 12, or 14 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, a cycloalkyl group which contains between 3 and 15 carbon atoms and between 1 and 3

rings, said cycloalkyl group being optionally benzofused, and a heterocycle group containing between 5 and 15 ring atoms and between 1 and 3 rings, said heterocycle group containing at least one heteroatom group selected from -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO₂-, =N-, and -NH-, said heterocycle group optionally containing one or more double bonds, said heterocycle group optionally comprising one or more aromatic rings, and said cyclic group optionally being singly or multiply substituted by -NH₂, -CO₂H,

-Cl, -F, -Br, -I, -NO₂, -CN, =O, -OH,

-perfluoro C_{1-3} alkyl, O CH_2 , or $-Q_1$; and O

15

5

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each Ar_2 is independently selected from the following group, in which any ring may optionally be singly or multiply substituted by $-Q_1$ and $-Q_2$:

20 (ii) Y X X X (jj) N Y Y

25 (kk) , and ; and ;

each Q₁ is independently selected from the group consisting of:

 $-Ar_1$ 30 $-O-Ar_1$ $-R_9$, $-T_1-R_9$,

and

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each O_2 is independently selected from the group consisting of -OH, -NH₂, -CO₂H, -Cl, -F, -Br, -I,

 $-NO_2$, -CN, $-CF_3$, and O $-CH_2$

provided that when $-Ar_1$ is substituted with a Q_1 group which domprises one or more additional $-Ar_1$ groups, said additional $-Ar_1$ groups are not substituted with Q_1 ;

each X is independently selected from the group consisting of =N-, and =CH-; and

each Y is independently selected from the group consisting of -O -S-, and -NH.

123. The compound according to claim 122, selected from the group consisting of:

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. 15

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; and

124. The compound according to claim 122, wherein each A is independently selected from the group consisting of the α -amino acids:

alanine, histidine, lysine,

phenylalanine,

proline,
tyrosine,
valine,

leucine,

isoleucine, glutamine,

methionine,
homoproline,

3-(2-thienyl) alanine, and

3-(3-thienyl) alanine.

add Q2